



Skill Nu	lursery	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	listen to	To participate in	To listen to and	To participate in	To recognise,	To discuss and	To read a wide	To read for pleasure, discussing,
<u> </u>	ries with	small group,	discuss a wide	discussion about	listen to and	compare texts	range of genres,	comparing and evaluating in
	creasing	class and one-	range of fiction,	books, poems,	discuss a wide	from a wide	identifying the	depth across a wide range of
	ttention	to-one	non-fiction and	and other words	range of	variety of genres	characteristics of	genres, including myths,
and	nd recall	discussions,	poetry at a level	that are read to	fiction, poetry,	and writers.	text types (such as	legends, traditional stories,
		offering their	beyond what they	them and those	plays, non-		the use of the first	modern fiction, fiction from our
	begin to	own ideas, using	can read	that they can	fiction and	To read for a	person in writing	English Heritage and books
	aware of	recently	independently.	read for	reference	range of	diary entries and	from other cultures and
	ne way	introduced		themselves,	books or	purposes.	autobiographies)	traditions.
	ories are	vocabulary	To link what they	explaining their	textbooks.		and differences	
stru	uctured	_	have read to have	understanding	_	To identify	between text	To recognise more complex
		To offer	read to them to	and expressing	To use	themes and	types.	themes in what they read (such
	describe	explanations for	their own	their views.	appropriate	conventions in a		as loss or heroism)
		why things might	experiences.		terminology	wide range of	To participate in	
	0 .	happen, making		To become	when	books.	discussions about	To explain and discuss their
	ents and	use of recently	To retell familiar	increasingly	discussing texts	-	books that are	understanding of what they
	rincipal	introduced	stories in increasing	familiar with and	(plot,	To refer to	read aloud to	have read, including formal
cho	aracters	vocabulary from	detail.	to retell a wide	character,	authorial style,	them and those	presentations and debates.
		stories, non-	T	range of stories,	setting)	overall themes	they can read for	-
		fiction, rhymes	To join in with	fairy stories and		e.g. triumph of	themselves,	To listen to guidance and
		and poems	discussions about	traditional tales.		good over evil	building on their	feedback on the quality of their
		when	a text, taking turns	To so o o ossico		and features e.g.	own and others'	explanations and contributions
		appropriate	and listening to	To recognise		greetings in a	ideas and	to discussions and to make
		To overses their	what others say.	simple recurring		letter, a diary written in the first	challenging views	improvements when
		To express their ideas and	To discuss the	English language in stories and		person or the use	courteously.	participating in discussions.
		feelings about	significance of	poetry.		of presentational	To recommend	To distinguish independently
		their experiences	titles and events.	poelly.		devices such as	texts to peers	between statements of fact
		using full	illes and events.			numbering and	based on personal	and opinion, providing
		sentences,				headings.	choice.	reasoned justifications for their
		including use of				rieddirigs.	CHOICE.	views
		past, present						VIEVV3
		and future tenses						To compare characters,
		and making use						settings and themes within a
		of conjunctions,						text and across more than one
		with modelling						text.
		and support						ioxi.
		from their						
		teacher.						
		To listen						
		attentively and						
		respond to what						





		they hear with						
		relevant						
		questions,						
		comments and						
		actions when						
		being read to						
		and during						
		whole class						
		discussions and						
		small group						
		interactions						
		To make						
		comments						
		about what they						
		have heard and						
		ask questions to						
		clarify their						
		understanding						
		To hold a						
		conversation						
		when engaged						
		in back-and-						
		forth exchanges						
		with their						
		teacher and						
		peers.						
Retrieval	Children	Demonstrate	Children explain	Children explain	Children are	Children use	Children use	Children use skimming,
1.011.01.01	recall	understanding of	clearly what has	clearly what has	taught and	skimming and	skimming,	scanning and reading before
	repeated	what has been	been read by	been read or	begin to use	scanning to	scanning and	and after to retrieve and
	phrases in	read to them by	recalling the main	what they have	skimming and	retrieve and	reading before	record information, using
	well-known	retelling stories	points	read and use	scanning to	record details	and after to	evidence from across the text.
	stories	and narratives	ροο	the, 'Find it,	retrieve and	from fiction and	retrieve and	
	0.000	using their own		prove it,'	record details	non-fiction	record information.	
		words and		technique	Tocora acraiis	books, using	using evidence	
		recently		10011111900		relevant	from a larger part	
		introduced				quotations to	of the text.	
		vocabulary				support		
		vocabolary				responses.		
Inference	Children	Children infer	Children make	Children make	Children begin	Children draw	Children draw	Children draw inferences such
	begin to infer	characters	inferences using	inferences about	to draw	inferences such	inferences such as	as inferring characters feelings,
	characters'	feelings using	words and pictures	a characters	inferences	as inferring	inferring	thoughts and motives from their
	feelings using	pictures and	from the text	feelings using	such as	characters	characters	actions, and justifies inferences
	own	own experiences		what they say	inferring	thoughts and	feelings, thoughts	with evidence (comments
	experience	to talk about		and do to infer	characters	motives from	and motives from	securely based in textual
	27,0001	them.		2	feelings,	their actions,	their actions.	11 10.0., 2 000 0 10.00 of
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	to talk about them.			more obvious points	thoughts and motives from their actions, and with support, justifying with evidence.	and justifies inferences with relevant evidence.	Children justify inferences with evidence, giving one or two pieces of evidence to support each point made, beginning to draw evidence from difference places across the	evidence with an attempt at detailed exploration. Children infer characters feelings, thoughts and motives, giving more than one piece of evidence to support each point made, drawing evidence from different places across the text.
Prediction	Children make suggestions about how the story might end based on pictures from the story and talk to others about this	Children Anticipate – where appropriate – key events in stories	Children think about what has happened so far in the story to make sensible predictions about what could happen next	Children to make sensible predictions about what could happen next and give explanations of them	Children to predict what might happen from details stated and those implied	Children use relevant prior knowledge, as well as details from the text to form predictions and justify them Children monitor predictions and compare them with the text as they read on	text. Children's predictions are supported by relevant evidence drawn from the text and can confirm/modify predictions as they read on.	Children's predictions are supported by relevant evidence drawn from across the text and they can confirm or modify in light of new information
Questioning	With support, children are beginning to understand simple recall questions, using given starting words (who and how)	With support, children can generate simple recall questions using given starting words (who, what, how, why) to clarify what they are thinking about a story	Children answer literal questions. Children use their own words and ask questions which can be answered using the text	Children explain their understanding of what they have read or what has been read to them by answering and asking questions about the book	Children generate a variety of questions, including retrieval and inferential questions to help them understand a text further.	Children generate a variety of questions, including retrieval and inferential, including questions about the deeper meaning or themes of a text to help them understand further.	Children generate questions to focus the reading and adjust questions in the text. Adults model the use of critical thinking questions that take the discussion deeper and beyond the text, which the children begin to use.	Children actively generate a variety of questions to focus on the reading and adjust questions in light of evidence from the text. They ask their own critical thinking questions that take the discussion deeper and beyond the text and to improve their understanding.
Summarising	Children recall and order some key events from the text	Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary	Children can retell familiar key stories considering their particular characteristics	Children retell and sequence events from texts and discuss how	Children begin to distinguish between important and unimportant	Children distinguish between information in a text, identifying	Children summarise information from across a text and make connections	Children summarise information from a cross a text and make connections by analysing, evaluating and synthesising ideas within and between texts

		during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role-play.		the events are related	information in a text and identify the main points to give a brief summary	the main ideas from one more or paragraphs and summarise these.	by analysing, evaluating and synthesising ideas within a text	to draw out key information and to summarise the main ideas in a text.
Vocabulary	Children build up a vocabulary that reflects their experience s	Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role-play.	Children discuss word meanings, and link them to words that they already know, using pictures to support them.	Children discuss and clarify new word meanings and link them to words that they already know, including root words.	Children find the meaning of new words by using the context of the sentence to help them. They discuss the vocabulary used to capture the readers' interest	Children find the meaning of new words by using the skills of linking words to other words that they know (morphology)	Children read around the word and are taught to explore its broader meaning with a section or paragraph, distinguishing between fact and opinion.	Children to discuss and evaluate how the authors use of language, including figurative language, impacts on the reader. Children to identify how language and structure contribute to meaning.
Fluency	Recognises rhythm in spoken words	Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.	Reading groups of words, but groupings are unrelated to context of sentence	Reading groups of words, where the groupings preserve syntax, but may lack expressive interpretation	Use of punctuation to cue expression and appropriate inflection e.g. voice rising at the end of a question	Use variety of phrase boundaries to pause correctly e.g conjunctions, prepositional phrases	Reader places vocal emphasis on appropriate words and can adjust tone at appropriate points in the text	Reading with speed accuracy, expression and intonation that allows the reader to contrast the meaning of the text

Dootstand	Children	Children	Children le avec te	Clail alva ia	Children to	Children to	Children to le avia	Children to confidently
Poetry and	Children	Children can	Children learn to	Children	Children to	Children to	Children to learn	Children to confidently
performance	listen and	act out a	appreciate	continue to	recognise	prepare and	a wider range of	perform texts including
	join in with	narrative as	rhymes and	build up a	and discuss	perform poems	poetry by heart	poems learnt by heart, using
	poems	part of a group	poems, reciting	repertoire of	different	and play		a wide range of devices to
			some by heart	poems learnt	forms of	scripts with	Children to	engage the audience and
	Children	Children		by heart and	poetry	appropriate	prepare poems	for effect, so the meaning is
	join in with	express		reciting some		techniques	and plays to	clear to the audience
	repeated	themselves		with intonation		·	read aloud and	
	phrases in	effectively		to make			perform using	
	rhymes and	showing		meaning clear			skills to engage	
	stories	awareness of					the audience	
	3131133	listeners needs					mo dodionoo	
Non-fiction	To know	To know	To listen and	To recognise	To read	To use all of	To use	To use non-fiction materials
TTOTT HEHOTT	information	information	discuss non-	and be	books that	the	knowledge of	for purposeful information
	can be	can be	fiction they read	introduced to	are	organisational	texts and	retrieval, record and
	relayed in	retrieved from	and at a level	non-fiction	structured in	devices with a	organisation to	present the information
	,							present the information
	form of print	books and	beyond what	books	different	non-fiction text	retrieve, record	
		computers	they can read	structured in a	ways and	to retrieve,	and discuss	
				different way	reading for a	record and	information	
					range of	discuss		
					purposes to	information		
					retrieve and			
					record			
					information			
					from non-			
					fiction texts			

Progression of skills in reading Nursery-Year 6